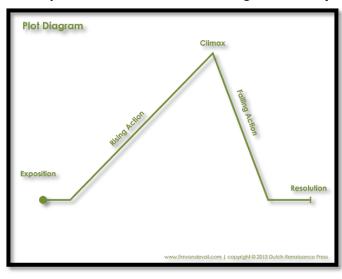
Nar	ne: Date: Period:
	Pluralistic Literature Final Review English 10 Honors   Fall Semester
	ections: This final review is optional. However, it will be graded on an all or none scale. To receive 30 extra credit points, you st complete ALL of the packet. I will be petty. If only one thing is missing, it will be a zero.
Lit	erary Movements.
1.	Magical Realism
2.	Realism
3.	Naturalism
4.	Southern Gothic
5.	Ero Guro Nansensu
6.	Contemporary
7.	Pluralism*

B. Post-Modernism		
Point-of-View.		
Point-of-View (POV)	Common Pronouns	Context
First Person		
Second Person		
Third Person Omniscient		
Third Person Limited		
Third Person Objective		
Writing Techniques & Plot Co	nstruction.	
ypes of Writing Covered.		
. Define Memoir.		
2. Define Personal Narrative.		
ypes of Writing Covered:		
. Anecdote:		
. Rhetorical Question:		
. Analogy:		
Fact/Statistic:		

## Components of the Plot Diagram (Freytag's Pyramid):



- 1. Exposition (Setting)
- 2. Rising Action
- 3. Climax
- 4. Falling Action
- 5. Denouement/Resolution

## Plot Sequences:

1.	Chronological Order:
2.	Flashback:
3.	Flash-forward:
4.	Media Res:
Ту	pes of Conflict:
1.	Internal Conflict
2.	External Conflict

**Composition Formats:** 

Type of Format	Common Courses	Bibliography	In-Text Citation
MLA	Humanities	Works Cited	(Author Last Name #)
APA	Sciences	References	(Author Last Name Year #)

M	ore Objective Writing:
1.	Define Expository Writing.
2.	Define Research Writing.
3.	Thesis Statement (Main Claim): Tells the reader:
4.	Topic Sentence (Supporting Claim): Tells the reader:
Lit	erary Analysis. Literary Technique. Literary Criticisms.
Cr	ritical Lenses:
1.	Psychological Criticism:
2.	New Criticism (Formalism):
3.	Social Historical Criticism:
4.	Feminist Criticism:

5.	Critical Race Theory:
6.	Archetypal Criticism:
7.	Marxist Criticism:
8.	Postcolonial Criticism:
Ту	pes of Characterization:

/ poor of characterization.						
Characterization	Definition	Character Example	Explanation			
Direct Characterization	Occurs when the author directly comes out and states something about a character.	Ravi from <u>Life of Pi</u>	Martel directly states that Ravi is athletic.			
Indirect Characterization						

Ty	pes	of	Ch	ar	ac	cte	rs
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- 2. Static Characters:
- 3. Protagonist:
- 4. Antagonist:
- 5. Foil Characters:

C	omparisons: (Simile, Metaphor, Conceit, Allegory)				
1.	Simile: a comparison using "like" or "as"				
2.	Metaphor: a comparison that does NOT use "like" or "as"				
3.	Conceit: an extended metaphor				
4.	Allegory: a story or image in which each character, setting, or thing represents a greater concept				
W	ord Specific Analysis:				
1.	Synonyms:				
2.	Antonyms:				
3.	Connotation:				
4.	Denotation:				
5.	Syntax:				
6.	Semantics:				
7.	Atmosphere:				
8.	Tone:				
Lit	erary Devices:				
1.	Alliteration:				
2.	Allusion:				
3.	Frame Story:				
4.	Foreshadowing:				
5.	Hyperbole:				
6.	Repetition:				
7.	Understatement:				
Pu	Purpose:				
1.	Main Idea:				
2.	Theme:				

## Types of Symbols: 1. Conventional Symbol: **Literary/Contextual Symbol:** Other: High Context Cultures: cultures that rely heavily on group-thought and effort Low Context Cultures: culture that focus on individualism over collectivism Culture Jamming: using existing images and communicating a message through changing them Survival of the Fittest: the concept that self-survival and selfish thought are instinctual 4. Altruism: the concept that empathy and self-sacrifice for the greater good is innate 5. **Indian Crisis:** Hinduism, Christianity, Islam: **Socio-Economic Status: Stereotypes:** 10. Industrialization/Gilded Age: Standard English Grammar Fundamentals: Grammar: the lexicon of any given language 1. Linguistics: the study of language Syntax: word order 3.

## Parts of Speech:

- 1. Noun/Pronoun:
- 2. Verb:
  - a. Transitive Verb:

Semantics: word meaning

7. Hajective.						
8. Adverb:						
9. Conjunction:						
10. Interjection:						
11. Articles:						
Types of Sentences						
Sentence Type	Sentence Function	Punctuation				
Declarative Sentence						
Imperative Sentence						
Interrogative Sentence						
Exclamatory Sentence						
Types of Verb Tenses:  1. Indicative Verb Tense:						
2. Imperative Verb Tense:						

Selected Poetry; <u>Life of Pi</u> by Yann Martel; <u>The Glass Castle</u> by Jeanette Walls "Goin' Fishin'" by Chris Crutcher, "The Human Chair" by Edogawa Rampo, "The Story of an Hour" by Kate Chopin, "The Yellow Wallpaper" by Charlotte Perkins Gilman, "Memento Mori" by Jonathan Nolan, "Jabberwocky" by Lewis Carroll, "anyone who lived in a pretty how town" by ee cummings, *Frankenstein* by Mary

**b.** Intransitive Verb:

3. Active Voice:

4. Passive Voice:

**Direct Object:** 

6. Indirect Object:

3. Subjunctive Verb Tense

Shelley excerpt

Literature. Things We've Read

Adjective.